



Measure and Integration Exercises 10

1. Let (E, \mathcal{B}, μ) be a measure space. Let (f_n) be a sequence of non-negative measurable functions.

(a) Prove that

$$\int_E \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n d\mu = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_E f_n d\mu.$$

- (b) Let (g_n) be a sequence of μ -integrable functions on E such that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_E |g_n| d\mu < \infty$. Show that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} g_n$ is finite μ almost everywhere, and

$$\int_E \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} g_n d\mu = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_E g_n d\mu.$$

- (c) Let f be a non-negative integrable function on E . Define ν on \mathcal{B} by

$$\nu(A) = \int_A f d\mu.$$

Show that ν is a finite measure on \mathcal{B} .

2. Consider the measure space $(\mathbb{N}, \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N}), \mu)$, where μ is the counting measure on $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$, i.e. $\mu(A)$ is equal to the number of elements in A .

(a) Show that for any $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow [0, \infty]$, one has

$$\int_{\mathbb{N}} f d\mu = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} f(k).$$

- (b) For each $n \geq 1$, let $(a_k^n)_k$ be a sequence of real numbers such that $0 \leq a_k^n \leq a_k^{n+1}$ for all k and n . Show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k^n = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_k^n.$$

3. Let (E, \mathcal{B}, μ) be a measure space, and $f : E \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ a measurable function.

(a) Show that if $\int_E f d\mu < \infty$, then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n\mu(f \geq n) = 0$.

(b) Suppose that $\mu(E) < \infty$. Show that

$$\int_E f d\mu < \infty \text{ if and only if } \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \mu(f > n) < \infty.$$